

Essay on Bribes

◆ What Is Bribery?

Bribery is the act of giving or receiving something valuable—usually money, gifts, or services—in exchange for influence or illegal advantage. It is a dishonest practice used to bypass rules or gain unfair treatment. Bribery is illegal in most countries and is considered a form of **corruption**.

◆ Causes Behind Bribery

Bribery often occurs due to **low salaries, greed, lack of accountability, and weak legal systems**. When public officials or employees are underpaid or poorly monitored, they may accept bribes to meet needs or gain wealth. Poor governance and a lack of moral education also contribute to bribery.

◆ Common Forms of Bribery

Bribes can be direct or indirect. They may include cash payments, expensive gifts, job offers, travel packages, or even promotions. Bribery is found in public offices, education, business deals, healthcare, and law enforcement. It may happen openly in some places and secretly in others.

◆ Bribery in Public Services

In many countries, people pay bribes to get licenses, birth certificates, identity cards, or even hospital beds. This makes access to essential services unfair. It affects poor citizens the most, who cannot afford to pay extra for their basic rights.

◆ Bribery in Public Services

Bribery also appears in politics and justice. Politicians may offer money or favors for votes or campaign support. In the justice system,

Essay on Bribes

criminals sometimes pay bribes to avoid arrest or reduce punishment. This weakens **public trust** in democracy and law.

◆ Effects on Education

When bribes are paid for admissions, marks, or degrees, education loses its value. Deserving students are ignored, while those who pay get ahead. It creates inequality and lowers the quality of learning and fairness in the academic system.

◆ Impact on Business and Economy

Bribery in business harms fair competition. Companies that bribe to win contracts or avoid taxes often deliver poor-quality goods or services. This discourages ethical businesses and reduces investor trust, slowing down **economic growth** and job creation.

◆ Social and Moral Consequences

Bribery leads to a society where success depends on connections and money instead of talent or hard work. It encourages dishonesty, breaks moral values, and teaches young people that cheating is acceptable. Over time, it becomes a habit that is hard to stop.

◆ Legal Measures to Prevent Bribery

Strong laws are necessary to control bribery. Governments must improve transparency, raise salaries, use technology in public systems, and punish corrupt officials. Digital systems like online payments and tracking applications help reduce human involvement and bribery chances.

◆ The Role of Schools and Families

Teachers and parents must teach children the value of **honesty**, **fairness**, and **hard work**. Schools should include ethics education to help

Essay on Bribes

students understand why bribery is harmful. Moral awareness from a young age can prevent future corruption.

◆ How Citizens Can Help

Citizens should refuse to offer or accept bribes and report corruption whenever possible. Supporting honest leaders and voting responsibly are also ways to reduce bribery. Social change starts when people work together and speak out against unfair practices.

◆ Conclusion

Bribery damages justice, fairness, and progress. It affects not only individuals but entire nations. To stop bribery, we must act together—citizens, governments, schools, and organizations. With strict laws, better education, and strong values, we can build a society where honesty and hard work are truly rewarded. Ending bribery is not impossible, but it requires **commitment**, **courage**, and **collective action**.